## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (currently amended) A system for intensity control of a pixel having  $2^N$  gray-scale tones, comprising: a pixel having  $2^s$  subpixels, two of the subpixels with the lowest light output having a light output ratio of about 1:1; and

a driver to apply a pulse-width modulated waveform to the subpixels, the modulated waveform having  $2^{N-s}$  pulses of different pulse widths,

where N is a positive integer and s is a positive integer having a value less than N.

- 2. (currently amended) The system of claim 1, the least-significant pulse width and the next-to-the-least-significant pulse width each have a width of  $2^s/2^N N$ .
- 3. (original) The system of claim 2, the least-significant pulse width being applied to a one of the two subpixels with the lowest light output to obtain a first gray-scale tone.
- 4. (original) The system of claim 2, the next-to-the-least-significant pulse width being applied to the two subpixels with the lowest light output to obtain a second gray-scale tone.
- 5. (original) The system of claim 2, the leastsignificant pulse width being applied to a one of the two subpixels with the lowest light output and the next-to-the-

least-significant pulse width being applied to the two subpixels with the lowest light output to obtain a third gray-scale tone.

- 6. (original) The system of claim 1, the 2<sup>s</sup> subpixels being concentric.
- 7. (currently amended) A system for intensity control of a pixel, comprising:
  - a first subpixel;
- a second subpixel, the first subpixel and the second subpixel having a light output ratio of about 1:1; and
- a driver to apply a pulse-width modulated <u>electrical</u> waveform to the first subpixel and the second subpixel, the modulated waveform having a first pulse and a second pulse, the first pulse being applied to the first subpixel and the second pulse being applied to the first subpixel and the second subpixel.
- 8. (original) The system of claim 7, the first pulse and second pulse being of about equal width.
- 9. (original) The system of claim 8, the modulated waveform having a third pulse being about twice the width of the first pulse, the third pulse being applied to the first subpixel and the second subpixel.
- 10. (currently amended) The system of claim 8, the first pulse and second pulse being of unequal amplitude.

- 11. (original) The system of claim 7, the first subpixel and the second subpixel being concentric.
- 12. (currently amended) A method of intensity control of a pixel, comprising:

applying a first <u>electrical</u> pulse with a first width to a first subpixel of the pixel to produce a first gray-scale tone; and

applying a second <u>electrical</u> pulse with the first width to the first subpixel and a second subpixel of the pixel to produce a second gray-scale tone.

- 13. (original) The method of claim 12 further comprising applying the first pulse to the first subpixel and the second pulse to the first subpixel and the second subpixel to produce a third gray-scale tone.
- 14. (currently amended) The method of claim 12 further comprising applying a third <u>electrical</u> pulse with a second width about twice the first width to the first subpixel and the second subpixel to produce a fourth grayscale tone.
- 15. (currently amended) The method of claim 12 further comprising applying the first pulse to the first subpixel and a third <u>electrical</u> pulse with a second width about twice the first width to the first subpixel and the second subpixel to produce a fifth gray-scale tone.
  - 16-22. (cancelled).